Pacific Lutheran College

Bulletin

VOL. II

MAY 1922

No. 1

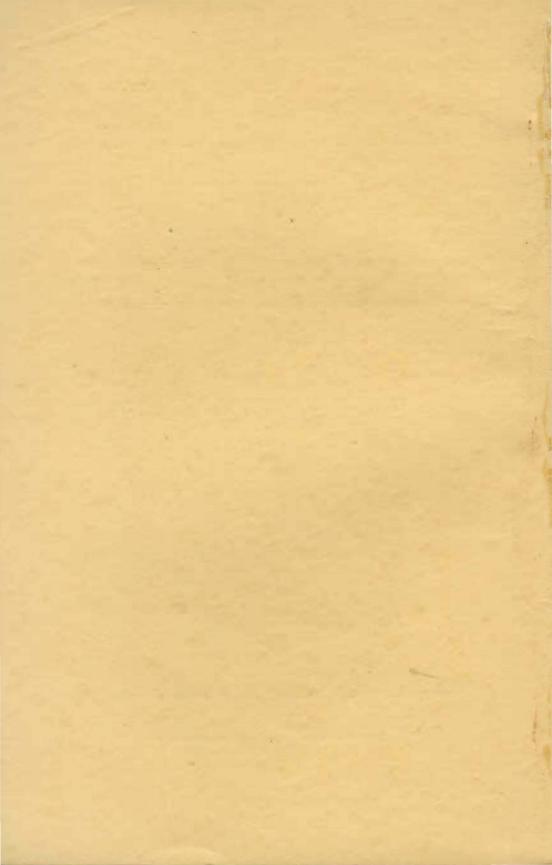
Second Annual

Catalog for 1921-1922



Announcements for 1922 - 1923

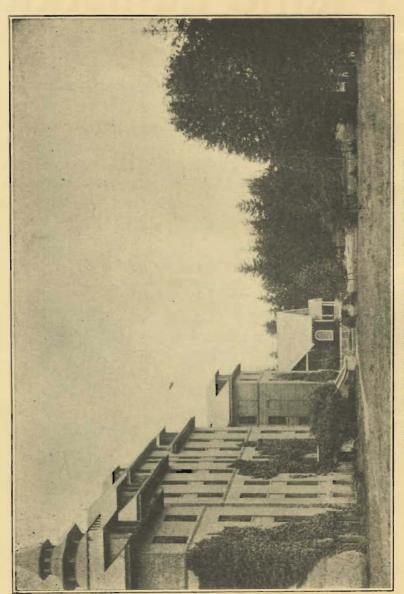
Parkland, Wash.



ARCHIVES



PRESIDENT, REV. O. J. ORDAL



MAIN BUILDING AND CHAPEL FROM THE SOUTH

Pacific Lutheran College

Bulletin

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MAY 1922

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Second Annual

Catalog for 1921-1922



Announcements for 1922 - 1923

Parkland, Wash.

School Calendar

1921-22

I Semester

Registration	. Monday, Sept. 19
Formal Opening	. Tuesday. Sept. 20
Dedication Program	. Friday, Oct. 14
Reformation Program	. Monday, Oct. 31
2nd Quarter begins	. Monday, Nov. 21
Thanksgiving	. Thursday, Nov. 24
Christmas Recess begins	. Thursday, Dec. 22

1922

Christmas Recess ends	Monday, Jan. 2
Semester Examinations b	egin

II SEMESTER

Registration	. Monday, Jan. 23
Reunion	
Washington's Birthday	. Wednesday, Feb. 22
4th Quarter begins	. Monday. March 27
Easter Recess	. ThursdMond., Apr. 13-16
Baccalaureate Service	. Sunday, May 21
Final Examinations begin	. Tuesday, May 23
Commencement	. Friday, May 26
Alumni Day	Saturday, May 27

1922-23

I SEMESTER

Registration	Monday Sept 18
Formal Opening	
Dedication Program	
Reformation Program	Tuesday, Oct. 31
2nd Quarter begins	Monday, Nov. 20
Thanksgiving	Thursday, Nov. 30
Christmas Recess begins	Thursday, Dec. 21

1923

Christman Dagger ands	Tucaday Inn 9
Christmas Recess ends	I uesuay. Jan. 2
Campatan Dyamination , hagin	Wadanday In 10
Semester Examinations begin	wednesday, Jan. 10

II SEMESTER

Registration	Monday, Jan. 22
Washington's Birthday	. Thursday, Feb. 22
Reunion	.SatSund.,, Feb. 24-25
4th Quarter begins	. Monday, March 26
Easter Recess	.ThursMon., Mch 29-Apr. 2
Baccalaureate Service	.Sunday. May 20
Final Examinations begin	.Tuesday, May 22
Class Day	. Thursday, May 24
Commencement Day	.Friday, May 25
Alumni Day	. Saturday, May 26

Faculty 1920 - 1921

ORDAL, Rev. O. J., A. B., President

XAVIER, J. U., A. B., Dean Religion, History, Latin, Science

STUEN, O. J., M. A. Boys' Coach Mathematics, Physics, Languages

LARSON, LUDVIG, Asst. Treas. Commercial Branches, Mathematics, Penmanship

HAUGE. Ph. E. R., A. B., Dean of Men English. Psychology, American Government

RINGSTAD, M., B. S.
Mathematics, Latin, Chemistry, Mechanical Drawing

HOLUM, M.

Arithmetic, Georgraphy, Spelling, Norwegian

ELLISON, MISS ALPHA English, Dramatics, Citizenship, Expression, U. S. History

JESSEN, MISS MARGRETHE
Typewriting, Shorthand, Voice, Chorus and Glee Clubs

NIELSON, MISS ELIZABETH
Piano

ASSISTANTS

FOSS. Rev. C. L., A. B. Bible. French

BARONHILL, MISS EVA French, Violin, Orchestra

OURSLER, MRS. GEORGIANA Home Economics

DEAN OF WOMEN

KREIDLER, MRS. LORA B.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

REV. OLAF HOLEN, Pres	Tacoma, Wash.
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REV. O. J. ORDAL, Vice-Pres	Tacoma, Wash.
MR. B. I. KIRKEBO	Tacoma, Wash.
MR. H. MYRON	Stanwood, Wash.
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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

REV. OLAF HOLEN MR. B. L. KIRKEBO MR. P. T. LARSEN

Christian Education

Says R. W. Babson, "The need of the hour is not more factories or materials, not more railroads or steamships, not more armies and navies, but rather more education based on the plain teachings of Jesus Christ."

To this we fully subscribe. The Lutheran Church has always advocated education—education of all the people, but not an education of the mind and body alone. We want an education which includes the heart also; an education of the moral nature of man; an education, if you please, of the soul.

We believe that without public education there can be no great political liberty, no great social advancement, no real manhood or womanhood, because men become mentally stunted. But we also believe that a true education must take into consideration the religious aspirations of man, or he will become morally stunted.

In our church schools the classes are not as large as in most of our public institutions at the present time, and for this reason greater attention can be given to the individual student. The teacher does not lose that personal touch with his pupils which is so essential to good teaching and learning.

Where will the church get its teachers, missionaries and pastors? Were we to rely on our state institutions alone the church would soon be without leaders. One of our church schools has alone furnished fifteen times as many pastors as the 12,000 high schools of the United States.

We need our church schools, not only to educate for leadership but for the common walks of life as well. We need devout, enlightened members in the pews as well as in the pulpits.

For these reasons we build and maintain our church schools. These are needs no other institutions can meet.

OUR AIM

To reach as many as we can of our own church, and also to open cur doors to those who may affiliate with other churches or with no church.

To help the backward and to spur on the more gifted.

To do as much good as we can in teaching and discipline to as many as possible.

To give the special student as much attention as the regular, and to guide each till he, by the growth of his intellectual and moral powers, shall have overcome the difficulties he has been laboring under.

To inculcate regular habits of life.

To help each one to become a law unto himself.

To serve as a stepping stone to a higher education whether in church or in state.

To educate the whole man and help our boys and girls to become men and women of character.

To educate for a life of usefulness.

To nourish and strengthen the faith of our fathers, a firm belief in Christ and Christianity.

To help in supplying workers for our schools, our congregations and our missions.

HISTORICAL SKETCH

The Pacific Lutheran Academy at Parkland, Wash., was established by members of the Norw. Ev. Luth. Church of America. It began its work in 1894 and continued until 1918, the last year in conjunction with the College at Everett. In its field it ranked as one of the best in the state.

The Columbia Lutheran College was built at Everett, Wash., by members of the United Norw. Luth. Church of America. It opened its doors for pupils in 1909, and continued its work until the spring of 1919. From 1911 it was under the direct management of the United Church.

In 1919 both schools were closed to pupils, and the consolidated school, The Pacific Lutheran College, which was to be located at Parkland, Wash., began its preparation for taking up the work under the new auspices. During the summer of 1920 the main building was thoroughly renovated, and a chapel was built. On Oct. 4, 1920, registration began, and the new school took up its work of education.

LOCATION

Parkland is a suburb of Tacoma. Its name indicates the nature of its scenery. To the west lie the broken, rugged, snow-capped Olympic Mountains; to the east and south stretch the Cascade Mountains with their wooded foothills and the towering peaks. Here, serene and majestic, rises the snowy dome of Mt. Tacoma, the heavenward pointing, nourishing mother—a vision not to be forgotten, never the same, always sublime, whether crowned by a storm cap of clouds, or roseate with the glow of morning, or still and milky white under the blaze of day, or tinted by the setting sun.

Within this frame lies Parkland, its prairies dotted with groves and clusters of trees, its nesting homes, and the Clover Creek winding like a band of silver below the hill on which the P. L. C. is located.

THE BUILDINGS

The Main Building. This is a massive five-story structure of brick, 190x82. It has been thoroughly renovated. In the basement are located the heating system, the kitchen, dining room, the chemical and biological laboratories, the boys' showers. The first floor contains all the offices, the reception room, the library and study hall, guest rooms, two class rooms and two suites for teachers and a girls' reception room. On the second floor are four classrooms, the boys' clubroom and students' rooms, and on the third floor thirty-seven students' rooms and the boys' and girls' hospital rooms. It is furnished with city light and water, and has its own light and water system for an emergency. The rooms are light and pleasant.

The Chapel was erected at a cost of about \$7,000. It is a frame building, 40x60 feet, with a full concrete basement. The basement has an assembly room and a fully equipped kitchen.

The Gymnasium, one of the best on the west coast, is a frame building on a concrete basement, 100x50 feet. The main floor has a tine running track, a large stage, dressing rooms, a moving picture outfit and an open floor of 50x80 for games.

The basement when finished will contain a swimming pool. 20x48, locker rooms, etc.

THE LIBRARY

The school library at present has a collection of some 6.000 books and pamphlets, besides a quantity of unbound magazines. The largest single additions to the library have been: Rev. J. O. Hougen (about 400, Rev. C. N. M. Carlsen (some 350), Prof. J. M. Clary (some 200). Prof A. O. Aaberg (about 130). Since last year Rev. O. Skattebol has given 70 and Rev. G. I. Breivik 130 books to our library. The books from Columbia College have been added, materially increasing the library, which now occupies a large room on the first floor. This room is also used as a study hall. The library fee is used for improving and enlarging this part of our school equipment.

THE CAMPUS

The College campus comprises about eighteen acres, a fine play-ground for the pupils. There are the base ball diamond, two tennis courts and the croquet courts, offering excellent facilities for outdoor exercise.

OUR TEACHERS

While the Pacific Lutheran College has superior advantages in the way of location and buildings, it realizes that these are not the most

essential factors of a good school. The teachers make the school. The College has therefore spared no efforts to secure teachers who are graduates of institutions of repute, and who have had successful experience in school work. They are loyal to the school, devoted to their work, capable, enthusiastic, and helpful to our students. Several of the teachers reside in the dormitory and come into daily contact with the students. As companions and advisers of the students they seek to guide them to the highest ideals of Christian manhood and womanhood.

OUR STUDENTS

Our students represent the average boys and girl of high school age. Some of them have to support themselves while attending school, and practically all have been accustomed to work. They come to the school with an intense desire to learn and improve themselves, and it is unnecessary to add that they succeed.

EQUIPMENT

The Physical Laboratory has a somewhat adequate equipment. The instruments received from the former Columbia College have very materially increased the efficiency of this laboratory. Our other laboratories are rapidly being perfected. Here is a splendid field of work for the Y. P. S.'s, the Alumni Association and Student Societies.

During the summer a fireproof room on the fourth floor will be fitted out for our Chemical Laboratory.

The school also has a moving picture machine and a balopticon.

As to pianos, typewriters see under Music Department and under Typewriting.

Courses of Study

Special efforts have been made to arrange the branches of the various courses in their natural order. Pupils are therefore required to select and follow some particular course of study, and will as a rule, find it to their advantage to do so. Only under special circumstances will a pupil be allowed to omit a study from the course which he has selected.

For explanation of the subjects refer to "Subjects," beginning on page 13.

COLLEGE AND NORMAL DEPARTMENT

This department constitutes the Junior College. The reason for this department is chiefly that our own young people may be kept under the influence of our church education as long as possible, that they may be better grounded in the truths of the Christian doctrines, that their faith may be stronger and more mature before they come under the dissolving influences of our irreligious state institutions. If it is true, what a young man from our University said, "It is hard for a young man to retain his Christian faith under the influence of these teachers," it behooves the Christian Church to see to it that they may be spared this temptation in the more impressive years of their youth.

Our church needs pastors; our schools, teachers, and no better place for preparation for these callings can be found than at our own schools.

Furthermore, our state schools are so crowded that they can not adequately accommodate all the students. The teacher becomes more or less only a lecturer; the individual supervision is to a great extent lacking. This, no doubt, partly explains the great number of failures in the first years of the State Colleges. Nor is this the fault of the teachers, but a result of the lack of teachers and classrooms.

The requirements for entry are the same as those of the University of Washington Cfr. credits, page 30. Persons under sixteen years should not register for the Normal Course.



ORCHESTRA



CHORUS



GIRLS' BASKET BALL TEAM



BOYS' BASKET BALL TEAM

COLLEGE AND NORMAL COURSE

Freshman Year

First Semester-	Hours	Second Semester-	Hours
Religion IV. English V Foreign Language III. Chemistry Latia III. Psychology College Algebra.	5 5 5	Religion IV	
Religion IV English VI. Foreign Language III Latin IV Economics Principles of Education	5 5 5	Religion IV English VI Foreign Language Latin IV Agriculture History of Education	

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT

Graduates from the eighth grade of our parochial schools and from the public schools will be admitted to any of these courses without examination on presentation of credentials from the respective schools. Applicants who lack the necessary preparation may obtain the same in our Preparatory Course.

The aim of the courses is to prepare the pupil for life, or for a continuation in our own College or Normal Departments, the State College, our University, or any of the Normal Schools of the state. The preparation is thorough, and our pupils will rank with any from our High Schools. Our school is fully accredited at the University of Washington.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT

Commercial Course

First Semester-	Hours	Second Semester-	Hours
Religion II-IV. English I-IV. Spelling III. Arithmetic IV and Rapid Calculation Bookkeeping Penmanship Commercial Law.	5 5 5 10	Religion II-IV English I-IV Arithmetic IV and Rapid Caluculation Bookkeeping Typewriting Penmanship Salesmanship	5 10 10 3

This course is designed to prepare young men and women for the active duties of the business world by giving them a practical know-

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT

English and Moder	n Language Courses	Classical	Course
	First	Year	
1st Semester Hrs.	2d Semester Hrs.	1st Semester Hrs.	2d Semester Hrs.
Religion II	Religion II 2	Religion II 2	Religion II 2
Arithmetic III 3	English 1	English I	English I
Algebra I 5	Algebra I 5	Algebra 1 5	Algebra I 5
Gen. Science 5	Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5	Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5	Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5
For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3	Penmanship 3	Penmanship 3	Penmanship 3
T (IIII III III III III III III III III		Latin I 5	Latin 1 5
	Second	Year	
Religion II 2	Religion II 2	Religion 11 2	Religion II 2
English II	English II 5 For. Lang. lorII 5	English II 5 For. Lang. IorII 5	English II 5 For. Lang. Ierli 5
Physiology 3	Physiology 3 Geometry I 5	Physiology 3 Geometry I 5	Physiology 3
Physiology 3 Geometry I 5 Elem. Psych'l'gy 2	Geometry I 5 Elem. Psych'l'gy 2	Geometry I 5 Latin I or II 5	Physiology
Elem. I sych i sy	Mem. I sych i gy 2	Elem. Psych'l'gy 2	Elem. Psych'l'gy 2
			
Religion III 2	Religion III 2	Religion III 2	Religion III 2
English III 5	Religion III 2 English III 5	English III 5	English III 5
For. Lang. IorII 5	For. Lang. Iorli 5 Gen. History 5	For. Lang. Iorli 5	For. Lang. IorII 5
Algebra II 5	Geometry II 3	Gen. History 5 Algebra II 5	Geometry II 5
		Latin I-11 5	Latin I-II 5
	Fourth	Year	
Religion III 2	Religion III 2	Religion III 2	Religion III 2
English IV 5 For. Lang. II 5	English IV 5 For. Lang. II 5	English IV 5	English IV 5 Fer. Lang. II 5
II. S. History5	Civies 5	For, Lang. II 5 U. S. History 5	Civies 5
Physics 5	Physics 5	Physics 5	Physics 5 Latin II 5
§Zoology 5	§Z oology 5	Latin II 5	SZoolegy 5
Scientific Course Business Course			
Scienti	ic Course	Business	Course
	First		Course
1st Semester Hrs.		Year 1st Semester Hrs.	Course 2d Semester Hrs.
1st Semester Hrs.	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II 2	Year 1st Semester Hrs.	2d Semester Hrs.
1st Semester Hrs. Religion 11	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II	Year 1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II	Year 1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II	Year 1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
Religion II. 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3	2d Semester	Year 1st Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang I 5	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5	Religion II. 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III. 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English 1 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5
Religion II. 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II	Team Team	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 5 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II	Tear Ist Semester Hrs. Religion II. 2 English	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
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1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 5 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5 Religion II 2 English II 5 For. Lang. IorII 5 Elem. Psych'Tgy 2	2d Semester	Team Team	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
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1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 5 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5 Religion II 2 English II 5 For. Lang. IorII 5 Elem. Psych'Tgy 2	2d Semester	Tear Ist Semester Hrs. Religion II	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5 Religion II 2 English II 5 For. Lang. I or II 5 Elem. Psych'I'gy 2 Physiology 3 Gcometry I 5	Pirst	Tear Ist Semester Hrs. Religion II. 2 English	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English 1 3 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Religion II 2 English II 2 English II 5 Fer. Lang. IorII 5 Physiology 3 Geometry I 5 Elem. PsychTgy 2
1st Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English I 5 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Drawing I 5 Religion II 2 English II 5 For. Lang. I or II 5 Elem. Psych'I'gy 2 Physiology 3 Gcometry I 5	Pirst	Tear Ist Semester Hrs. Religion II. 2 English	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II 2 English 1 3 Arithmetic III 3 Algebra I 5 Gen. Science 5 For. Lang. I 5 Penmanship 3 Religion II 2 English II 2 English II 5 Fer. Lang. IorII 5 Physiology 3 Geometry I 5 Elem. PsychTgy 2
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Religion II	Religion II	Tear Ist Semester Hrs. Religion II.	2d Semester Hrs. Religion II
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^{*} For explanation of studies cfr. pages 13-27 § Zoology will not be taught 1922-23; it will alternate with Botany

ledge of the laws, usages and practises of trade and commerce. There is probably no other course of the same length and cost which even approaches a business training course in its value to young people. The business world and the government are constantly calling for well trained men and women to fill positions.

A pupil who has a good elementary knowledge of reading, spelling, grammar and arithmetic can complete the course in nine months. One who is deficient in one or more of these subjects will require longer time.

What is taught. The pupil is taught the following very important things: A good business handwriting; good business English; a knowledge of punctuation; how to write a correct business letter that will command attention; how to use the typewriter; how to solve all kinds of practical problems in arithmetic rapidly and accurately; a knowledge of business law; how to draw up contracts, deeds and business documents; a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; system, nearness and order.

It is the aim of the school to make the course so broad and thorough that the pupil who has completed it shall be able, readily, to adapt himself to any odinary system or set of books, involving either single or double entry bookkeeping, as used in the business world.

Finishing this short course will entitle one to a certificate.

Stenographic Course

First Semester-	Hours	Second Semester-	Hour3
Religion II-IV English I-IV Spelling III Shorthand Typewriting Penmanship		Religion II-IV	5 10 3

This course is designed for those who wish to prepare for general office work. The time required to complete this course is nine months, but to do so successfully, the student must be able to write a good hand, spell well and have a good command of the English language. One who is deficient in any of these branches must spend sufficient time in attaining the required standard of scholarship before taking up the study of shorthand. The minimum of English required for graduation from this course is English I.

Preparatory Course

First Semester-	Hours	Second Semester—	Hours
Religion I English A		Religion I	
Spelling II		Spelling II	
Arithmetic II Citizenship		Arithmetic II Citizenship	

The work in this year corresponds, in a general way, to that pursued in the seventh and eighth grades of our public schools. While elementary in character, it is planned for young men and women.

Beginners' English Course

First Semester-	Hours	Second Semester-	Hours
Religion I English B		Religion 1 English B	
Spelling I	5	Spelling I	5
Arithmetic I	5	Arithmetic 1	5
Penmanship	3	Penmanship	3

This course is especially designed to meet the needs of foreigners, but young men and women, who, from want of opportunity, or from other causes, have been deprived of the advantages of even an education equal to that of the fifth or sixth grade, will also here find an excellent opportunity to make up what they have lost.

MUSIC DEPARTMENT

Piano	Violin	Voice
	First Year	
Touch and Technique Sight Reading Ear Training Cord and Scale Con- struction Elementary Harmony-L Easy Pieces Duets	Exercises Bowing, Elementary Scales, Elementary Theory, Elementary Easy Pieces	Breathing Voice Placing Voice Production Scales Exercises Simple Songs
	Second Year	- Vol.
Touch and Technique Arpeggios Selections Harmony 1 History of Music 1		Breathing Voice Placing Articulation Exercises Songs
	Third Year	- 4
Touch and Technique Harmony 1		-

Ensemble Duets Pieces

History of Music 1 Bowing

Selections

Outline of Subjects

RELIGION

"The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom," sang the psalmist (Ps. 111, 10), and the great Apostle Paul adds, "Godliness is profitable unto all things" (I Tim. 4, 8). And so religion, which is to teach us our duties toward God and our fellow men, and the mercy of God toward us, has been made a part of every course of our school.

In the interpretation of the Bible the teachings of the Lutheran Church are adhered to. The aim is to strengthen the faith, impart knowledge of Bible truths, and help the prospective Sunday school teacher or the parochial teacher to impart this knowledge to others. It prepares for leadership in Young People's Societies, Luther League etc.

- 1. Bible Study. Those who are not familiar with the Bible will gain a general knowledge of the Bible stories, and those who are familiar with them will gain a new Insight, a deeper understanding of them. The stories will be illuminated by sidelights from history, from philology, from science and from daily experience.
- II. Fundamentals of Christianity. The fundamental doctrines of the Christian faith are studied. What does the Bible teach on these questions? Its answers decide the matter. The Old and New Testaments are referred to on each subject. Other books on Christian doctrine will be used for parallel reading.
- III. Church History. The Gospels and the Epistles teach us Christianity, the Acts show us the origin of the Christian Church, while the church history traces for us the growth of this church thru persecutions and controversies about doctrine. It shows us the rise and growth of the papey, its suppression of the freedom of conscience, the Reformation under Luther, the division of the church into different denominations, and how thru it all in spite of the fallacies and frailties of man, God's hand has guided and supported his Church.
- iV. The Augsberg Confession. Every Lutheran ought to know what the teachings of his church are, what he, as a Lutheran, confesses, and the reasons for Luther's revolt against the Roman church. And it will not hurt anyone else to become acquainted with this noble document.

LANGUAGES

ENGLISH

First learn the language of your own country, then as many more as you can.

The chief aims in teaching English are:

To assist the students to acquire an accurate and ready command of good English in speaking and in writing;

To stimulate and train the taste in reading:

To familiarize him with the best literature;

To furnish a spiritual and ethical stimulus and give him the basis for a judgment of literary values;

To open the storehouse of the world's best thoughts.

English I. Grammar. Review of the elements. Spelling.

Composition. A review of the mechanics of writing, narration, letter writing, word analysis.

Emphasis is placed on Business English.

Study in class—Dicken's A Christmas Carol, Scott's Ivanhoe, Lowell's Vision of Sir Launtal, Franklin's Autobiography,

Outside Reading. The Spy—Cooper; David Copperfield—Dickens; Snow Bound—J. G. Whittier; The Man Who Was—Rudyard Kipling; The Wasted Day—Richard Harding Davis; Chambered Nautilus—O. W. Holmes: The Gift of the Magi—O. Henry.

English II. Grammar. Thorough review of the parts of speech.

Composition. Description and Exposition—Debates—Themes—
Study of the Short Story.

Study in class—Shakespeare's Merchant of Venice, George Eliot's Silas Marner, Francis Parkman's Oregon Trail.

Outside Reading. The Other Wise Man—Henry Van Dyke; The Blue Bird—Maurice Maeterlinck; the Prince and the Pauper—Samuel L. Clemens; Twice Told Tales—Nathaniel Hawthorne; Counsel Assigned—Mary R. S. Andrews.

English III. Composition. The study and practice of writing Euglish.

History of English Literature. A systematic study of the lives and works of the important English writers. A special study made of the following: Shakespeare's Hamlet, Milton's Paradise Lost and Ruskin's Sesame and Lilies. Outside reading required.

English IV. Grammar. Detailed study of verbs with special attention to the forms and correct use of irregular verbs. Effort will be made to establish a correct usage of the English language.

Composition. Themes-Argumentation-Final Oration-Newspaper

reporting on local enterprises and happenings—School Paper—Study of a periodical.

History of American Literature.

A systematic study of the lives and writings of our leading American authors. Typical selections from their writings will be studied in connection with the biography and criticism, such as:

Washngton's Farewell Address, Webster's Bunker Hill Oration, Lincoln's Addresses, and others.

Outside Reading. The Gold Bug—Edgar Allan Poe; Scarlet Letter—Nathaniel Hawthorne; Autocrat of the Breakfast Table—Oliver W. Holmes; Pilgrims Progress—John Bunyan; Perfect Tribute—Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews; Lincoln the Leader and Lincoln the Genius for Expression—Richard Watson Gilder; Romola — George Eliot; Nicholas Nickleby—Charles Dickens.

COLLEGE ENGLISH

English V. A course in the principles and practice of composition. Consideration is given to description, narration, exposition and argumentation. Special consideration is given to sentence and paragraph structure.

English VI. The instruction in general follows the lines of English V. Orthoepy. Supplementary reading. Composition and letters based on the literature read. Elocution, practice in reading and debating, and other exercises that tend to encourage freedom of expression.

Expression. A course in vocal training for those who want to improve the condition and qualities of their own speech. Individual instruction is given.

Fundamentals of Expression. A study of the actions of the mind and their effect upon voice and body.

Oral Appreciation. Readings, speaking, conversations, gesture, pantomine, literary interpretation, and any other practical phase of oral expression. A special tuition is charged for this instruction. See Fees, page 31.

- A. The Preparatory English (7th and 8th grades) is especially for the benefit of the young man or woman who has not had the opportunity to finish grade school, and who wish to prepare themselves to enter the academic classes.
- B. The Beginners' English. Special class for men and women who have not had the opportunity of finishing the lower grades, or who do not know the language of our country. Special attention is given to the study of words, spelling, reading, pronunciation and conversation.

Spelling. This consists of a careful study of words, and of dictation exercises. The spelling, the pronunciation, the meaning, and the use of a word are taught at the same time.

NORWEGIAN

Next to English, Norwegian ought to be of interest to those of Norse parentage. And Norway has a literature that any country might be proud of. In parts of our country our native born American neighbors are studying Norwegian.

- 1. This course begins with elementary work, such as spelling, reading, writing, elementary grammar. The reading will be of easy selections such as found in our Norwegian readers for beginners.
- II. Platou's grammar, or one of the same grade, will be used. Compositions will be required, and short and easy stories, as Bjornson's Bondenoveller, read.
- III. Whenever it is found necessary, other classes will be organized, where the history of the literature of Norway will be studied in connection with selections or books by all the renowned writers of the country.

GERMAN

The language and literature of Germany are so important that we wish to encourage their study. Especially in science Germany has for years stood at the head.

- I. Elements of German grammar, easy reading and translation, German will be used more or less in the classroom from the beginning.
- II. More advanced grammar and composition is taken up, and in connection with these some of the easier masterpieces of German literature will be studied. Sight reading and easy conversation will receive considerable attention.

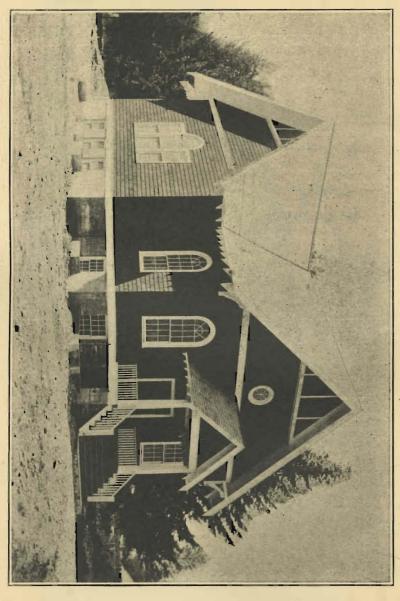
As the need arises more advanced classes will be organized.

FRENCH OR SPANISH

French has always held its own in our schools, more as a language of culture and refinement. Of late, however, it seems that Spanish is running a close second and that chiefly because of the growing importance of the commercial and political relations with our neighbors to the south.

The object sought will be to attain a degree of practical fluency in speaking by means of the direct conversational method.

1. The pupil will be taught (1) clear and disinct pronunciation, (2) knowledge of the principles of grammar essential to the expression of ideas, (3) ability to read easy selections and small news items in newspaper, (4) ability to speak fluently. (5) simple letter-writing.



THE CHAPEL

THE GYMNASHUM

II. The aim is to coerdinate the knowledge gained the first year and enlarge it by means of a systematic study of grammar, without departing from the principles of the direct method. Part of the time will be devoted to the study of two or three comedies.

LATIN

When we remember that of the English language about fifty per cent is derived from the Latin. this language takes on a new importance. Then the study of the grammar, the exactness demanded in translating correctly, will constitute a splendid drill in carefulness even tho "transference" may be a mooted questions.

- Says J. M. Siddall, editor of the American Magazine, "If a person wishes to have a good understanding of the English language a knowledge of Latin is essential. The average high school graduate who has studied no other language that English curiously enough does not really understand it. . . . Words are beautiful things with their delicate differences of shading. Latin will aid you to discover their beauty."
- I. •ne of the standard textbooks for beginners will be used. Emphasis will be put on the correct pronunciation of the words, on the essentials of grammar, on the declensions and conjugations. Almost from the first easy questions and answers in Latin will be introduced.
- II. Grammar will be taken up more in detail, and the pupil will study Latin composition based on Caesar's "De Bello Gallico." Caesar's commentaries will be read (four books). The Roman army and its equipment, and the Roman camp will be given special attention.
- III. Further study of the grammar is taken up. Composition based on Cicero's speeches will be studied thruout the year. Social and political organizations among the Romans will be studied. The study of the history of Roman literature will be begun. Six speeches of Cicero will be read, or five speeches with select letters amounting in subject matter to one speech. Sight reading.
- IV. Prose composition continued. A rapid survey of the history of Roman literature. Four Books of Virgil's Aeneid are read and selections from Ovid's Metamorphoses equal to about one book. Latin prosody is taken up. Sight reading.

HISTORY

Our forefathers laid the foundation, we are building on the superstructure. Most of our institutions, our modes of action, our habits of thought even, have come down to us from former generations. No great reform can be instituted that does not have its roots in former times; nothing absolutely new can well be introduced. We are as individuals a part of all our ancestors; as a people, of all former times and nations. Herein lies one of the great lessons of history and one of the chief sources of our interest in history.

Political Geography. The pupil learns, not only the natural divisions into continents and oceans, plains and plateaus, valleys and mountains, but he becomes acquainted with the resources, the centers of trade, cities, boundary lines and political divisions. The why of many of these things are made plain. Why England is a country of trade and manufactures; why Norway is a land of bold sailors, and is now forging to the front as a land of electric power.

I. General History. This study will take us back to the dim past, the dawn of history. We see mighty nations rise and fall, we see civilization moving from country to country. We see the beginnings of customs and institutions, the spread of civilization, until the on-slaughts of the barbarous Germanic tribes seem to overwhelm it all in a common ruiu.

Out of this chaos we see new nations born. There are religious and political revolutions, internal struggles, and nations leagued against nations. Science and inventions come to help man in his wars and in his work, and the background of it all is man's struggle for free manhood.

II. United States History. This course begins with the American Revolution, altho a brief survey of the earlier period is reviewed to give the student a setting for the national development. Effort will be made to familiarize the student thoroughly with the chief events relating to the nation. Much time is spent on the period after the reconstruction, emphasis being placed on the political and industrial problems that have arisen and have extended down to the present time. Special attention is also given to biography. Reference books and periodicals are used quite extensively.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

- I. Citizenship. This is a special study for those who wish to become American citizens. The aim in this study of the city, state and national government is to prepare the foreign born student, as far as possible, to become a good and useful American citizen. The fundamentals upon which the actions of our government rests; the conditions out of which our present government arose; the constitutions, both state and national and the laws that have been enacted, are studied.
- II. Civics. One semester is devoted to a careful study of our civil and political institutions. Efforts will be made to give the student a celar understanding of the constitutions of the nation and the state.

and of the charters of our city governments. The three great branches of our government, their functions and their interdependence will receive special attention.

III. Economics. This course is designed to acquaint the student with the background of our social and political life. Leading principles of economy will be treated. Stress will be laid on our monetary system, taxation, land, labor and capital, commerce, etc., and how they effect the social conditions of today.

MATHEMATICS

- 1. Arithmetic. This is a beginners' class. A thorough drill is given in the four ground rules, in simple fractions, weights and measures, mensuration.
- II. Intermediate Class. The work will be more difficult than that of No. I. Involution and evolution, ratio and proportion percentage, etc., will receive more attention.
- III. Advanced Arithmetic... Special attention will be given to the development of the principles underlying arithmetical operations. Thorough mastery of the subject of fractions, the metric system, mensuration, percentage and its various applications will be insisted on.
- IV. Commercial Arithmetic. Nine months will be devoted to a careful study of commercial arithmetic. This is an advanced class and is not intended for students requiring instruction in the more elementary principles of arithmetic. It is presupposed that the student has become thoroughtly acquainted with these before he takes up commercial arithmetic. The work in this class furnishes the student a thorough drill in the short and time-saving methods actually used by business men.

Rapid Calculation. A short period is set apart each day for drills in adding long columns of figures and performing other arithmetical computations with speed and accuracy.

- V. Elementary Algebra. One year is spent on the fundamentals, factors, fractions, radicals, exponents, equations with one unknown quantity, the ordinary methods of elimination.
- VI. Higher Algebra. First a rapid review of elementary Algebra is given. Then quadratics, binomial theorem, literal and numerical coefficients, variation, ratio and proportion, imaginary and complex numbers are taken up for a thorough study. Time used, one semester.
- VII. Plane Geometry. Two semesters are devoted to this subject. Part of the time will be employed in studying the theorems of the text book, including the general properties of plane rectilinear figures, the circle; the measurement of angles, similar polygons, areas.

The study of geometry is important from an informational point of view. It is generally recognized that a genuine mastery of the subject means real achievement in the solution of original exercises. Much time will be given to original demonstrations of exercises and solutions of problems.

- VIII. Solid Geometry. The work in this branch covers one semester and includes the usual theorems and constructions contained in the best text books, including the relations of planes and lines in space; the properties and measurements of prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones and spheres. A large part of the time will be given to the solution of original exercises, and to constructions.
- IX. Trigonometry. A course in plane trigonometry will be given, for one semester. Circular measurements of angles, proofs of the principle formulas, the use of inverse functions, solution of right and oblique triangles, surveying, navigation.
- X. College Algebra. Review of High School Algebra, advanced work in functions and their graphs, theory of equations. Length of course one semester. Prerequisites, Courses V and VI.

SCIENCE

Our school offers an introduction to natural and biological science, and endeavors to lay a broad foundation for further study. That this instruction is built on Christian principles is of the greatest importance. The purely materialistic or evolutionary presentation may do untold harm, and mere theory has no right to be represented as facts. The work will to a great extent consist of experiments and laboratory work.

- I. General Science. This subject is fundamental to the entire field of science. It furnishes the foundation for all subsequent work in this line. It provides instruction about principles and facts that all should know. It answers the natural curiosity of the young and at the same time furnishes a solid foundation of knowledge on which to build farther. Unity is kept thruout; it is not the study of a series of unrelated subjects. Laboratory work.
- II. Physiology and Hygiene. The study of the textbook will be accompanied by simple chemical and physical experiments, illustrating the various physiological processes of the human body. The work will include a general survey of anatomy, the principles of digestion and absorption, the general functions of respiration, the skin, kidneys, nervous system, and the special senses. Special efforts will be made to teach the students to understand the relations of these facts to the great laws of health and to apply them to daily living.

The Hygiene is a nontechnical, sane and simple discussion of facts

that every pupil should know in order to safeguard his health. In connection with the hygiene will be given a course in first aid.

- III. Botany. The main facts of botany are studied. A great part of the time is spent on the morphology of plants. Relationships are pointed out. Structure and physiology of seed plants are studied. Ecology and economy of plants is also treated. Laboratory. Note books.
- IV. Agriculture. The farm is the center of interest. Soil fertility, moisture, heat, planting, pruning, insect pests, are fully discussed. The pupil is taught the reasons for the more important operations on the farm. Phenomena are explained. Laboratory. Note books.
- V. Zoology. Most of the time will be spent on insects and verter brates. The less known groups are however, also treated with care, and among these animals the earthworm receives especial attention. Laboratory work. Note books.
- VI. Elementary Psychology and How to Study. This is primarily a course in how to study effectively. Students will receive help in applying this knowledge to their work. A brief summary, giving an insight into the workings of the mind, is also taken up for consideration.
- VII. General Psychology. This course will give a general introductory acquaintance with the subject. It will be of value to those who wish to gain an insight into the nature and workings of the mind. Special emphasis will be placed upon the physiological aspect of mental reactions. This course will include the study of the process of attention, association, perception, memory, reasoning, instinct, etc. Experiments will be carried on in connection with the work.
- VIII. Educational Psychology. This course is given the second semester and deals with the psychological principles involved in education. Consideration is given to the following problems: individual differences, correlation of human capacities, heredity, rate and progress of learning, transfer of training. The psychology of special school subjects is also considered.
- IN. Physics. The course consists of recitations, lectures and laboratory work. The chief aim is to present elementary physics in such a way as to stimulate the pupil to do some original thinking about the laws and the whys of the physical world in which he lives. Modern life and modern wars have wrought many changes. The most striking changes, as the gas engine the automobile and the airplane, will be given fuller treatment. Text Milliken and Gale.
- X. Chemistry. General Inorganic Chemistry. The fundamental chemical theories are discussed and the chemistry of the non-metallic elements. The course is open only to the students not having had an accredited high school course in chemistry.

Three lectures and two laboratory periods per week.

COMMERCIAL BRANCHES

The commercial branches are those that bring the quickest return in money for the time spent and the expenses incurred in learning them. This is possibly the only reason why they are popular with a great number of our young. They are necessary for our well-being in more than one way, and it would not be amiss if everyone had some instruction in them.

- I. Penmanship. A good handwriting like a pleasing appearance is its own recommendation. In penmanship the right movement is taught, and the student is made to see the errors of his own writing. Speed, form and movement are developed at the same time. By correct training, through a well-graded and systematic course, the average pupil gains full control of his muscles, acquires a neat, rapid and legible style of writing, which will be of great benefit to him in any vocation in life.
- II. Bookkeeping. A knowledge of bookkeeping is generally conceded to be of considerable value to all persons, no matter what their occupation may be. Aside from the practical ultility of the science, it also affords mental discipline of the highest order. It inculcates neatness, accuracy, and system—acquirements which are essential to success in life.

The work is carried on according to the so-called individual plan. This makes it possible for students to enter at any time, take up such work as they need, and progress as rapidly as their abilities will allow. In this way, the bright, energetic pupil, with a good preparation, will not be retarded by his slower and less active fellow-student, and the slow, plodding pupil will not be hurried along in his attempt to keep pace with the brighter and more active members of the class.

But, while the school follows no regular class system of teaching bookkeeping, it nevertheless imparts much instruction in general exercises, discussions examinations and drills, wherein the individual pupil has ample opportunity for comparing himself with others and profiting by their successes and failures.

All points not understood by the pupil will be thoroughly discussed and explained to him, and no part of the work will be considered finished until it has been completely mastered. From first to last, the course is one of actual business practice, and the pupil is constantly observing the proper forms and uses of commercial papers.

III. Typewriting. Typewriting is of course necessary for those who wish to become stenographers. The touch system is taught, by which the greatest speed is obtained. From the beginning the student is taught the proper fingering of the keys, the care and adjusting of the machine; the proper form and arrangement of letters, legal documents manifolding, etc. A great deal of time is devoted to transcription from

shorthand so that the pupil may have ample practice in doing this before he enters the office. The course includes careful and extended drill in the various kinds of office practice, commercial papers, legal documents, business letters, specifications, tabulating work, stencil cutting for mimeographing, etc.

Equipment: An ample supply of L. C. Smith and Underwood type-writers of the latest model is kept on hand for the use of the pupils. The school also has a rotary Edison mimeograph which the student is taught to use.

IV. Shorthand. The use of shorthand and typewriting is continually being extended, and at the present time more opportunities are offered to the competent stenographer than to any other profession. There is a constant call for efficient workers in the field. The modern business office is not fully equipped without one or more stenographers. The United States' civil service commission is calling for more candidates to supply the shortage of eligibles who are trained in both stenography and typewriting, for employment at Washington, D. C. and various government offices throughout the United States. To the college student, shorthand is of great value in making reports of, addresses and lectures, and to the lawyer, the lecturer, the clergyman and the teacher the art is a valuable assistant. Aside from its specific commercial calue, shorthand affords a splendid training in mental discipline and awakens push, energy and activity.

The Gregg System of shorthand is now being taught in most of the leading schools in this country and in Canada. It can be learned trum one-third to one-half the time required by the old systems; it requires no shading, and is written on the same slant as long-hand. Vowels and consonants are joined and follow each other in their natural order, thus contributing to easy, continuous, effortless writing. It is easy to read, and, being purely phonetic, can be adapted to any language. The latest edition of the text book "Gregg Shorthand" is used, also "The Gregg Writer," a monthly magazine devoted to shorthand, typewriting and commercial education.

When the student has acquired a certain standard of efficiency, he is required to be ready at any time to do stenographic work in the office of the president or other officials of the school, for the purpose of becoming acquainted with general office work.

V. Advanced Course in Shorthand. This course is designed for those who wish to graduate and those who require special training for responsible positions where high speed and technical accuracy are required. It will include a thorough review of the principles and a careful drill in legal forms, advanced phrasing, court reporting, tabulating, mimeographing, specifications, filing and the like. Students in this course will be required to make verbatim reports of sermons, lectures, addresses, etc.

Speed Requirements: To graduate from the short course, the

student must have attained a speed in shorthand of 100 words a minute, and be able to transcribe his notest correctly on the typewriter at the rate of twenty-five words a minute.

To graduate from the Academic Business Course will require a speed of 140 words a minute.

- VI. Commercial Law. A knowledge of the laws governing commercial transactions is of great value to everyone, but especially to the business man. Our course aims to give the student such knowledge of the laws of commerce that he may transact his business affairs in an intelligent manner. Correct writing of legal documents is a special feature.
- VIII. Salesmanship. This course is specially designed for students of the commercial branches. Its aim is to show that all people, whether in business or not, are selling either merchandise or service, and that "the study of the science of salesmanship is of supreme importance to both classes."

EDUCATION

The aim of education should be to construct such a world in the consciousness of the individual as will furnish him with motives to live an enlightened, kindly, helpful and noble social life.

- I. History of Education. The development of education from primitive systems to the present are studied. Barbaric. Oriental. Greek, Roman, Medieval and Modern education will each be discussed.
- II. Principles of Education. The doctrine of formal disciplina, educational values, curriculum, agencies that educate, physiological and psychological basis of teaching, etc., are all taken up.

MUSIC

The Pacific Lutheran College recognizes the great importance of music as a means of culture and refinement, and aims to furnish high-grade instruction at a very moderate rate. In common with all the other courses of the school, the work in music has been arranged on the progressive plan. Great importance is therefore attached to a thorough mastery of the fundamental principles involved before passing on to more advanced work.

A great deal has been accomplished of late years in the study of the arm, wrist, knuckles and fingers, involving many new motions and combinations for controlling touch and technique. Proper attention to these important details at the outset will save the student much mix-directed effort and needless disappointment later on.

In addition to the above mentioned advantages, afforded by our school of music, the rates of tuition are less than one-half of what would be charged by similar talent for private lessons.

FUNDAMENTAL MUSIC TRAINING FOR BEGINNERS

The first year of piano study is often spent in unthinking, unprofitable practice, which discourages the student. Music study should be a delight, and if the student does not find it so, there is something wrong.

How to avoid the drudgery of the beginning is the problem which confronts those who are interested in music study.

Class instruction in Fundamental Music Training solves this problem, saves the student much worry, and places him or her in a position more fully to understand and appreciate music, and to practice thoughtfully. A student who has first learned to think a scale, will find it a simple matter to play it.

CLASS INSTRUCTION IN PIANO

Beginners are taught in classes, as class-study is an incentive to work. Each student, however, receives personal attention. The class has two lessons a week for eighteen weeks. The students are not required to practice at home during the first few weeks. They practice, but only in the presence of the teacher, to prevent them practicing mistakes. At the end of the first two or three weeks they have learned how to practice thinkingly, and are then required to practice daily on the piano.

CLASS INSTRUCTION IN KEY-BOARD HARMONY

By the term key-board harmony is meant the practical working out of harmonic principles at the instrument instead of only on paper, as is usual in the study of harmony.

This course of study is designed to supplement private instruction and does not interfere in any way with the regular lessons. It gives the student the necessary broadening knowledge of theory, elementary harmony, ear training, analysis, sight reading, and musical history, that cannot be imparted in the time allotted to a private lesson.

Instruction in key-board harmony will be given free of charge to piano students who register for a nine-weeks' term, and who are far enough advanced to profit by it.

PIANO

Piano I. Rudiments of music, studies in melody, and the underlying principles of touch and technique. National Graded Course. Gurlit's Album for the Young, Concone, Pieces. Loeschorn, Lynes, Bertini and others. Selections from modern composers.

Piano II. Major and minor scales. Broken chords and arpeggios. Samuel—Finger Exercises, Hanan, Studies by Loeschorn, Gurlitt. Burgmuller, etc.

Piano III. Major and minor scales in octaves, thirds, sixths and tenths, appengios. Cramer Studies, Czerny Velocity Studies, Bach lu-

ventions, Dunernay Etudes, Heller Studies, etc. Pieces suitable for grade.

The school has a new Hallet and Davis piano, and other pianos for practice.

HARMONY

No person who desires to become accomplished in music should neglect to study harmony, which has aptly been called the grammar of musis. In the study of this branch ear training receives special attention. Much time is devoted to original work and the construction of major and minor scales, intervals, triads, chords of the seventh, and inversions, altered chords, modulations, suspension, organ point, passing notes, etc. Some time will also be devoted to the study of analysis and form.

HISTORY OF MUSIC

Students find music doubly interesting if they acquire some knowledge of the life of the great composers.

In the study of the history of music, attention is paid to the development of music from the earliest times to the present, the birth of the opera, the rise of Romanticism and its influence on music, the development of the modern opera, etc. Special attention will be given to the life and activities of each of the following composers: Bach, Handel. Haydn, Mozart. Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Brahms, Wagner, and Grieg.

VOICE CULTURE

Voice training has its starting point, its foundation in beautiful tone. This training not only cultivates the voice but builds up and develops a wonderful physique. It is our aim to instill and further in the student a love for only the best literature of vocal music.

Preparatory Work. Breathing exercises, voice placing, sustained notes and scales. Voice exercises by Concone, Marchesi and Lutgen. Simple songs.

Advanced Course. Breathing, voice placing, exercises in articualtion and interpretation. Advanced studies by Concone, Marchesi, Vaccai and Lutgen. Songs by modern composers as well as Schumann, Shubert. Gounod, etc., also solos from standard operas and oratorios.

VIOLIN

This is one of the finest tone instruments, and is deservedly becoming more and more popular. Instruction will be given by competent teacher.

 Exercises—Aiquoni; elementary bowing, scales and theory; easy pieces.

- II. Technique 2nd year, scales, bowing—Sevcik; elementary ensemble lass, sight reading, pieces.
- III. Technique 3rd year, scales and arpeggios, bowing—Sevcik; ensemble, class, duets, etc.; pieces.

ART

The teaching of art is vastly more important than the teaching of drawing.

Our Art Course. A comprehensive course on art, including pictorial, decorative and constructive art, hisoric ornament and art history.

GYMNASTICS

Physical Education. The aim of this course is to develop the body and keep the individual in good health by suitable exercises. Emphasis is placed on correct posture. All are required to give some time to gymnastics, but those incapacitated because of physical defects may satisfy the requirements with hygiene.

A splendid opportunity is offered for students to take part in various athletic activities, such as basket ball, volley boll, baseball, indoor caseball, tennis, croquet.

HOME ECONOMICS

Courses will be given in cooking and sewing.

Cookery. General Elective. This course includes the study of marketing, cookery, meal planning and service, the principals and practice of food preparation.

Clothing. General Elective. Elements of hand and machine sewing. Study of materials, design and construction. Comparison with factory made garments. Problems of garment making.

Student Organizations

RELIGIOUS

The P. L. C. Mission Society is an organization composed of young men and women who feel the need of devoting an evening a week to praper and Scripture study. Interest is chiefly centered on mission work.

LITERARY

The Dramatic Club. This club was organized for the purpose of giving to its members training that will enable them to speak effectively before the public, read impressively; it is to teach the art of expression. Several plays are studied and produced during the school year.

The Alpha Omicron. This is a literary society. It is strictly modern in its methods. It represents all phases of work of interest to young men and women. It is to train its members for leadership. The society stands for the highest ideals of scholarship, friendship, and true loyalty to the institution of which it forms an important part. Let us pull together, is the meaning of the name, and the "Sedarmoc," the school paper issued by the society, stands for the same idea.

The Debating Club. To be fully alive every school must have its contests,—contests of muscle and contests of mind. One gains proficiency in any line only by exercise in that line of work. Up-to-date questions are studied and discussed and by constant application proficiency will be attained, tho the beginning be ever so modest.

MUSICAL

The College provides the opportunity for everyone, and every pupil is heartily invited and earnestly encouraged to join our musical organizations.

- I. The Musical Union. This is an organization of all the students and has the general control of the musical organizations among the students under the guidance of members of the faculty.
 - II. The Chorus, an organization of boys and girls.
 - III. The Boys' Glee Club.
 - IV. The Girls' Glee Club.
- V. The Orchestra. This organization has done good work and counted some ery good players among its members.

VI. The band. There were not enough players to organize a band. We have some very good instruments, however, and hope next year to start the work early.

ATHLETIC

The Athletic Club has charge of all athletic activities among the students. The athletic coach is the mentor of the club.

The school has at present two boys' basket ball teams, two baseball nines and two girls' basket ball teams.

Tennis tournaments have been in vogue this spring.

OTHER

The Student Body and the Councils. The former is an organization of all the students. Its express purpose is to educate the boys and girls to become a law unto themselves, to settle all minor cases of discipline, and look after the general behavior of the pupils.

The Councils are similar bodies that have to do with the boys, or the girls, only. They treat cases that do not concern the student body in general, but have to do with the boys or the girls respectively.

The P. L. C. Alumni Association. During the Reunion meeting the 19th and 20th of Feb., 1921, the Alumni Associations of the Columbia Lutheran College and the Pacific Lutheran Academy dissolved and reorganized as the P. L. C. A. A. Life membership has been placed at \$5.

Reunion. The school aims to have a reunion of former pupils, teachers and members of the board of trustees. This year it was held April 1 and 2. Washington's birthday is generally the day chosen. The next reunion will be held Feb. 24 and 25, 1923.

General Information

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

No examination is demanded for entering the Beginning English and the Preparatory classes. But for entering the Academic department one mush show certificate of graduation from the eighth grade of the public schools or from the same grade of private or parochial schools.

Those who have attended high schools, normal schools, or acadmies of recognized standing, will receive full credit for the work done on presenting the proper credentials.

To enter the College or Normal Department, graduation from an accredited high school or its equivalent will be required. All others must take examinations.

TIME TO ENTER

The best time is naturally at the beginning of the school year, next at the beginning of the second semester. Pupils will, however, be received at any time, and will be placed where they can do the most effective work.

GRADES AND CREDITS

The scale of grades are the same of those of the university. A=96-100, B=86-95, C=76-85, D=70-75, E=failure.

For graduation from the courses of the Academy 15 credits are demanded besides those for religion; and from next year two thirds of these must be 80 or above to entitle one to a diploma.

One credit is 5 units, and one unit is made up of one 45 minute period a week for 36 weeks.

Scientific Course Modern Language Course English English U. S. History and Civics ... 1 U. S. History and Civics... Algebra Algebra Geometry Geometry 11/2 Physics . Physics General History General Science General Science Botany or Zoology Modern Language 4 Electives (Exclusive of Re-Electives (Exclusive of Religion) ligion) 15 15

Classical same as Mod. Languages, but demands 2 credits in Latin instead of the two extra in Modern Language.

Religion is required of all students.

Eight credits are required to entitle one to a Junior College certificate.

ROOM AND BOARD

The P. L. C. is a boarding school. Pleasant well lighted and heated rooms are furnished with tables, chairs, beds and mattresses. Whenever else is needed or wanted the pupils furnish.

The board furnished by the school is good, wholesome and well prepared.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

The school has its own bookstore where the necessary supplies may be bought at regular prices.

SUMMARY OF EXPENSES

	Year	Semester	Quarter	Month
Tuition	75.00	\$ 40.00	\$ 25.00	\$ 15.00
Room, Board and Laundry*	300.00	160.00	85.00	40.00
Expression	10.00	5.00	3.00	1.50
Music Tuition, 2 hours per week	80.00	45.00	25.00	15.00
Music Tuition, 1 hour per week	40.00	22.50	12.50	8.00
Music Tuition (class), 2 hours per				
week	20.00	10.00	5.00	3.00
Piano Rent. 3 hours per day	25.00	18.00	10.00	5.00
Piano Rent, 2 hours per day	18.00	12.00	8.00	4.00
Piano Rent, 1 hour per day	10.00	7.00	4.00	2.00
Typewriter Rent, 3 hours per day.	10.00	7.00	4.00	2.00
Day Student's Room Rent				1.00
Fees—				
Indemnity	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Library	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Medical	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Athletic**	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Musical Union**	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Diploma				2.50
Laboratory Fees-				
Physics or Psychology	5.00	3.00	2.00	1.00
Chemistry	10.00	5.00	3.00	1.50
Botany or Zoology	5.00	3.00	2.00	1.00
General Science or Physiology	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

*The free wash each week includes: one sheet, one pillow case, two pairs of socks or stockings, one suit of underwear, two towels and four handkerchiefs, one suit pajamas, one night gown, two napkins.

**The Athletic and Musical fees entitle the student to free admis-

sion at all the games and programs given by those societies at the School. They will be used to strengthen and build up these activities.

The above rate are for cash in advance for the term indicated, and payment must be made before the pupil is enrolled in his classes.

RULES AND DISCIPLINE

Only such rules have been adopted as have been found necessary for the promotion of the highest interests of the students. The school, on admitting students, does so with the express understanding that they will cheerfully comply with the rules and regulations of the school in every respect, and deport themselves as it befits Christian ladies and gentlemen.

All students are required to submit to the principal a course of study before beginning the work of the term, and no student will be allowed to drop a study or be absent from his classes without special permission.

Written excuses, approved by the principal, dean or preceptress, must be presented to the teacher at the first recitation following an absence.

All students are required to be present at the daily devotional exercises held in the chapel, and are expected to attend divine services on Sunday either of our church, or if not Lutherans, of their respective denominations in Tacoma.

All students are required to keep their rooms clean and tidy, and to abstain from the use of tobacco in any form within or about the building. The occupant of a room will be held responsible for its condition.

Day students are expected to observe the evening study hours at home, and are not permitted to frequent the dormitory after 7:00 p. m. The school maintains the right to exercise supervision over day students outside of study hours.

All boarding students are required to be in the dormitory after 7:00 ρ , m., unless granted special leave of absence.

Students are expected to employ their time to the best possible advantage, and to avoid, as far as possible, everything which has a tendency to interfere with legitimate school work. The participation in dancing or card playing, whether in the school building or out of it, visiting gambling houses or other places of a questionable nature, and the use of intoxicating liquors, are strictly forbidden.

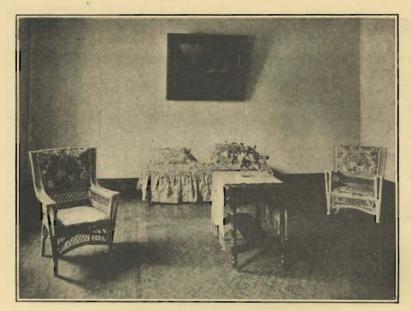
A student who neglects his work, who wilfully disobeys the rules which are laid down for the government of the school, or whose conduct is improper, or whose influence is permicious, is not wanted, and



GIRLS GLEE CLUB



BOYS' GLEE CLUB



THE GIRLS' PARLOR



FIRST BASEBALL TEAM

will not be retained in the institution, and, if expelled, forfeits the tuition and room rent paid. Continued failure to do good work, after a fair trial, will be considered reasonable ground for dismissal.

In addition to observing the general rules given above, all students will be required to observe the special regulations announced from time to time.

EMPLOYMENT

We are often asked if a pupil can work his way thru school. A great number of our pupils pay their own way. They may have a little saved up to begin with, and each summer they are hard at work to earn enough to continue. There is also some employment to be had at the school for a number of pupils. Correspondence from pupils who need work to help pay for their schooling is invited.

MEDICAL ATTENTION

The payment of the medical fees entitles the pupil to medical attendance by the school physician. The necessary medicine, nursing and, as may become inevitable, room in a city hospital is furnished at the expense of the pupil.

The school urges parents to have all necessary dental work done during vacation periods.

RECORDS AND REPORTS

A record of attendance, recitation, deportment, etc., is kept, and a copy is sent to parents and guardians who request it, at the end of each semester, or oftener.

SPENDING MONEY

We do not wish to encourage extravagant spending, and parents are urged not to allow their children too much pocket money. It is never conducive to good school work, and free spenders are generally poor students.

STUDENT EQUIPMENT

The following lists will give an idea of what students ought to bring along in the line of personal supplies. Everything must be plainly marked.

Boys' List

- 1 Trunk Blankets (single bed size)
- 3 Sheets 3 Pillow Slips
- 1 Pillow 4 Bath and Face Towels
- 2 Wash Cloths
- 3 Napkins and Ring 1 Bathrobe
- 3 Suits of Underwear
- 3 Suits of Pajamas 1 Pair Slippers
- 6 Pairs Socks

- 6 Pocket Handkerchiefs 1 Pair Gymnasium Shoes
- 2 Pairs Shoes 1 Hairbrush
- 1 Comb 1 Toothbrush 1 Soap Dish
- 1 Clothes Brush 1 Laundry Bag
- 1 Shoe Polish Outfit
- 1 Pair Gymnasium Shirt and Trunks (may be gotten at school if desired)

Suggested, but not necessary:

One pair curtains (size of windows, 3ft. 4 in. by 6 ft. 6 in.).

One pair drapes for wardrobe (size 4x6 ft.).

One rug.

One mirror.

Girls' List

- 1 Trunk Blankets
- 3 Sheets
- 3 Pillow Slips
- 1 Pillow Si
- 4 Bath and Face Towels
- 3 Napkins and Ring
- 1 Bathrobe 3 Night Gowns
- 3 Suits of Underwear
- 6 Pairs Stockings6 Pocket Handkerchiefs
- 1 Pair Heavy Walking Shoes

- 1 Pair Gymnasium Shoes
- Pair Bedroom Slippers
 Pair Black Gym. Bloomers
- 1 Hair Brush
- 1 Comb
- 1 Tooth Brush
- 2 Wash Cloths
- 1 Laundry Bag
- 1 Clothes Brush
- 1 Shoe Shine Outfit
- 2 Dresser Scarfs1 Soap Dish

Desirable, but not necessary:

Curtains, size of window (3 ft. 4 in. by 6 ft. 6 in.).

Drapes for wardrobe (size 4x6 ft.),

Rug.

Table cover.

UNIFORM DRESS FOR GIRLS

The idea of uniform dress for girls in boarding schools is becoming more and more popular in schools of the better sort, and our school suggests the following:

Sailor or Peter Thompson style of navy blue serge. Variety may be had during the fall and spring terms by wearing white middles with regulation blue skirt, or all white made in same style for warm weather. Dresses made of gingham or other wash goods for Satur-

days; a little party frock for evening wear, and a suitable dress or suit for Sundays.

VISITORS

Visitors are always welcome, and the parents and other relatives are invited to visit the school to become acquainted with the work and environment of the students.

BAGGAGE

We have a transfer company at Parkland that will bring the students' baggage at special prices. So leave your baggage in Tacoma, bring us your check, and the baggage will be brought out as soon and as cheaply as possible.

HOW TO REACH PARKLAND

Parkland is a suburb of Tacoma, one of the large ports and railroad centers on the Puget Sound. On arriving at Tacoma take Spanaway or Parkland car on Pacific avenue. At Parkland the College is one block from the station. The cars generally run about every half hour.

For further information write to

The President or The Registrar, P. L. C., Parkland, Wash.

Students

GRADUATES Class of 1922

Class Motto. "Do noble deeds, not dream them."

Class Colors: Old Rose and Silver Grey.

Class Flower: Pink Carnation.

MEMBERS

Classical—Skarbo, Frieda, Cromwell, Wash.; Wedeberg, Sivert, Tacoma, Wash.

Scientific—Holte Herman, Parkland, Wash.; Jensen Murl, Wilmot, S. D.; Lero Bertha, Parkland, Wash.; Samuelson, Alfred, Parkland, Wash.

Modern Language-Ordal, Marie, Parkland, Wash.

Commercial—Anderson, Arthur, Aurora, Ore.; Anderson, Thorsten, Aurora, Ore.; Holdal, Gertrude, Tacoma, Wash.; Knutzen, Harold, Everson, Wash.; Knutzen, Henry, Burlington, Wash.; Thompson, Albert, Parkland, Wash.

Stenographic—Boe, Barbara, Seattle, Wash.; Fadness, Sonva. Parkland. Wash.

1921 - 1922 Enrollment

Adams, Mrs. Eula Anderson, Arthur Anderson. Katherine Anderson, Pearl Anderson, Thorsten Arntzen, Katherine Berger, Marion Bergman, Alice Bervin, Isaac Bjorke, John Blomgren, Olaf Boe, Barbara Brondt, Elizabeth Buli, Gilbert Buli, Mabel Carlson. Lyman Christensen, Ferdinand Coltom, Arthur Coltom, Emmy Cooper, George Corhouse, Mary Cowden. Elizabeth Dahl, Iver Dahl, Jack Erickson, Anne Fadness, Ruth Fadness, Sonva Foss, Rev. Carl Glasso, Sidney Gunderson, Esther Gustafson. Pete Haakenson, Gerhard Hauge, Phillip Haugen, Erling Holdal, Gertrude Holm, Ole O. Holte, Herman Jacobsen, Richard Jangaard, Alfred Jangaard, Chris. Jensen, Erling Jensen, Murl Johnson, Betty Johnson, Clarence

Kirkebo, Bernar Kittelsen, Annie Knutzen, Harold Knutzen, Henry Knutzen, Ralph Krangness, Bert. Kreidler, Myron Kridler, Burton Lane, Irvin Langlow, Monroe Lanning, Bardo Larsen, Christian Larson. Pauline Larson, Sylvia Lero, Bertha Loken, Thelma Marvick, Tom Morgan, Lloyd Nelson, Theodore Olsen, Gertrude Olsen, Inga Ordal, Dorothy Ordal, Johan Ordal, Marie Ordal, Olaf Oyen, Arnt Peterson. Louis Peterson, Peter Ringstad, Myron Rognos, Olaf Rorvik, Oscar Rynning, Solveig Salveson, Tom Samuelson, Alfred Shanander, Percy Sinland, Inez Skarbo, Frieda Sorensen, Oluf Stensland, Ted Swanson, Eleanor Sydow, Esther Thompson, Albert Wedeberg, Sivert

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